

## Verb To Have: Simple Present

### A. Fill in the gaps with "have" or "has":

1. Anthony \_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful car.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ a long red dress.
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ much money.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ too many problems.
5. We \_\_\_\_\_ enough time to do our homework.
6. It \_\_\_\_\_ a long neck and brown spots.
7. You \_\_\_\_\_ too many bags.
8. This girl \_\_\_\_\_ two sisters.



### B. Answer the questions:

1. Do you have a car? Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. Does Claire have a dog? No, she \_\_\_\_\_ .
3. Do I have the right to speak? Yes, you \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. Does your father have a brother? No, he \_\_\_\_\_ .
5. Do they have the same hobbies? Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_ .
7. Does Sarah have a cat? No, she \_\_\_\_\_ .
8. Do we have enough time for homework? Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_ .
9. Do you have a new house? Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ .
10. Does it have a tail? No, it \_\_\_\_\_ .



### C. Change the sentences from affirmative to negative:

1. My mother has a good job.
2. I have enough time to finish my project.
3. Our house has a big living room.
4. Jacob has a new computer.
5. You have good marks.
6. We have a new teacher.
7. They have identical essays.
8. You and your friend have great ideas.

